



PROFESSIONAL LAND SURVEYOR LAW & RULE QUESTIONNAIRE

APPLICANT'S NAME: _____

DATE: _____

This licensing law and rule questionnaire is an integral part of the application process. All answers can be found at the website: <http://www.landsurveyor.mt.gov> by clicking the "Regulations" tab and using the links to Administrative Rules and Statutes. Please indicate your answers by selecting "T" for true or "F" for false for each statement and typing in the legal reference for the statement. This questionnaire may not be duplicated or provided to other applicants.

Montana Land Surveyor Licensing Law and Rule Questionnaire Note: This completed exam must accompany application			
No.	T/F	Statement	Legal Reference
Ex		One of the duties of the Board of Professional Engineers and Professional Land Surveyors (Board) is to investigate complaints of illegal or unethical conduct of engineers licensed by the Board.	37-1-101
1.		Under Montana law, it is the duty of all applicants for license or renewal to report any legal or disciplinary actions against them, which relate to the applicant's practice or fitness to practice.	
2.		The Board is obligated by Montana law to enforce rules governing licensure of engineers and land surveyors.	
3.		The Board may issue subpoenas in connection with investigations and disciplinary proceedings.	
4.		Assisting in the unlicensed practice of a profession or occupation or allowing another person or organization to practice or offer to practice by use of the licensee's license is considered unprofessional conduct by Montana law.	
5.		A person must be considered to practice land surveying, within the meaning and intent of Montana law, who by verbal claim, advertisement, letterhead, card, or in any other way represents that the person is a land surveyor.	
6.		If a person is licensed to practice land surveying in another state, has passed the NCEES PS exam, and meets the same qualifications as an applicant applying for licensure by examination, then that person may be issued a Montana license.	
7.		A land surveyor may affix his seal and signature on any plans or drawings after their license has expired, provided they have notified the Board.	
8.		Failure to renew a professional land surveyor license on time will result in additional fees to the licensee	



No.	T/F	Statement	Legal Reference
9.		A business entity may engage in the practice of land surveying in Montana, provided one employee of the firm is a licensed land surveyor in Montana and is in responsible charge	
10.		The board can revoke a license for failing to comply with the Corner Recordation Act.	
11.		It is a criminal offense if a person knowingly presents or attempts to use the license or the seal of another person.	
12.		To be in "responsible charge" a land surveyor must personally make land-surveying decisions, or review and approve proposed land surveying decisions prior to their implementation.	
13.		The term "direct supervision" means the licensee, has exercised regular and direct oversight and guidance of land surveying work, which includes plans, designs, surveys, and client advice at the time the works occurs, and the licensee takes responsibility for the work.	
14.		For licensure, progressive land surveying experience is broken down into two areas: office and field.	
15.		Approved comity applicants must take a closed book Montana specific law land surveying examination.	
16.		The form for corner recordation is approved by the Board and is available on the Board's website.	
17.		To be licensed as a land surveyor in Montana, an applicant must have been previously licensed as a land surveyor intern.	
18.		If the renewal process is not completed within one year, the licensee will be considered a new applicant, potentially requiring re-testing.	
19.		New licensees by exam or comity are exempt from obtaining professional development hours (PDH) during their first renewal cycle.	
20.		Licensees' primary obligation is to protect the safety, health property and welfare of the public and shall notify their employer, client and such other authority when their professional judgment is overruled in such a manner as to endanger the safety, health, property or welfare of the public.	
21.		Anyone wishing to enter a complaint against a professional land surveyor may do so by making an anonymous complaint.	