

# **BOARD OF ALLIED HEALTHCARE PROFESSIONALS**

**Teleconference/In Person  
301 S. Park Ave  
Helena, MT  
4<sup>th</sup> Floor Large Conference Room**

**MARCH 26, 2026**

**10:00A.M. – CONCLUSION**

**Zoom Meeting Information:**

**<https://mt-gov.zoom.us/j/85970228861>**

**Meeting ID: 859 7022 8861**

**Passcode: 478017**

**Call- In Information:**

**1 646 558 8656**

**Call to Order – Establish Quorum – Introduction  
of Board and Staff Members Present**

# **Approval and Tentative Modification of Agenda Order**

# Montana Board of Allied Healthcare Professionals

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## Full Board Meeting AGENDA

Thursday, March 26, 2026  
10:00a.m. -Conclusion

### Teleconference Only

Zoom Link:  
<https://mt-gov.zoom.us/j/85970228861>

Meeting ID: 859 7022 8861

Password: 478017

Call-In Number:  
**+1 646 558 8656**

Press \*6 to unmute, \*9 to raise hand.

#### A. Call to Order

- a. Executive Officer: Call the meeting to order.
- b. Executive Officer:

1. Call roll for board members

Alan Carmignani  
Carla Encarnacion  
Jenna Jones  
Cara Maletz  
Angela Regalado  
Chad Spangler  
Christine Wham

2. Introduce staff

Amy Pfarr, Executive Officer II  
Tori Koch, Department Legal Counsel

#### B. Possible Modification and Approval of Agenda Order

#### C. Public Opportunity to Comment

The board now offers the public in attendance an opportunity to comment on any public matter under the jurisdiction of the board that is not on the current agenda. The board cannot act but will listen to comments and may ask staff to place the issue

on a future agenda. The Presiding Officer may limit the comment period to proceed with the board meeting.

**D. Board Discussion**

- a. Screening Panel Assignments
  - 1. Accept Public Comment
- b. Adjudication Panel Assignments
  - 1. Accept Public Comment

**E. Board Action**

- a. Administrative Rulemaking – MAR 2025-147.1 PROPOSAL, NEW RULE 9 SUBSTANTIAL EQUIVALENCY
  - a. Accept Public Comment
  - b. Board motion and vote

**F. Next Meetings**

- a. June 4, 2026 – Full Board Meeting
- b. September 3, 2026 - Full Board Meeting
- c. September 14th and 15th, 2026 – In person board member training, Montana Heritage Center, Helena (registration forthcoming)
- d. December 3, 2026 – Full Board Meeting

**G. Adjournment**

**NOTICE**

For disability accommodations, or help accessing the meeting, please call (406) 841-2037.

The agenda may be changed up to 48 hours before the meeting. The most current agenda can be found at <https://boards.bsd.dli.mt.gov/Allied-Health/Board-Meetings> The board may reorder the agenda at the beginning of the meeting.

# Montana Board of Allied Healthcare Professionals

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## Full Board Meeting MINUTES

Thursday, March 5<sup>th</sup>, 2026  
3:00 p.m. – 3:53 p.m.

Teleconference and In person  
301 S. Park Ave  
Helena MT

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**A. Call to Order (00:00:00)**

- a. Executive Officer: Call the meeting to order. (00:00:26)
- b. Executive Officer:
  - 1. Call roll for board members
  - 2. Introduce staff

**Board Members Present:**

Chad Spangler  
Cara Maletz  
Angela Regalado  
Jenna Jones  
Carla Encarnacion  
Alan Carmignani

**Board Members Not Present:**

Christine Wham

**Staff Present:**

Amy Pfarr – Executive Officer  
Scott Magill – Board Meeting Executive  
Tori Koch – Board Counsel  
Kevin Bragg – Licensing Bureau Chief  
Hugh Pratt – Licensing Section Chief  
Deb Matteuci – Licensing Section Chief  
Sharon Peterson  
Robin Graham

**Public Present:**

Cara Bushmaker  
Mike Whiting  
Stephanie Weyrauch  
Marty Gaither

**B. Possible Modification and Approval of Agenda Order (00:02:03)**

**MOTION: Carla Encarnacion moved to approve the agenda with fluidity. Chad Spangler seconded. The motion carried.**

**C. Department Updates – Kevin Bragg, Professional Licensing Bureau Chief (00:02:45)**

**D. Public Opportunity to Comment (00:31:07)**

The board now offers the public in attendance an opportunity to comment on any public matter under the jurisdiction of the board that is not on the current agenda. The board cannot act but will listen to comments and may ask staff to place the issue on a future agenda. The Presiding Officer may limit the comment period to proceed with the board meeting.

**E. Board Action (00:32:07)**

a. Administrative Rulemaking – MAR 2025-147.1 PROPOSAL

**TRANSFER AND AMEND**

1. 24.129.402 SUPERVISION
2. 24.129.603 MINIMUM STANDARDS FOR CLINICAL LABAORATORY LICENSURE
3. 24.129.610 INACTIVE STATUS
4. 24.129.611 REACTIVATION OF INACTIVE LICENSE
5. 24.129.612 TEMPORARY PRACTICE PERMITS
6. 24.204.408 RADIOLOGIC TECHNOLOGISTS APPLICATIONS
7. 24.404.415 INSPECTIONS
8. 24.204.501 LIMITED PERMIT APPLICATION – TYPES
9. 24.204.504 PERMITS – PRACTICE LIMITATIONS

**ADOPT**

10. 24.204.507 COURSE REQUIREMENTS FOR LIMITED PERMIT APPLICANTS
11. 24.204.511 PERMIT EXAMINATIONS
12. 24.204.601 QUALIFICATIONS
13. 24.204.603 SCOPE OF PRACTICE - SPECIFIC DUTIES AND FUNCTIONS
14. 24.204.605 SCOPE OF REQUIRED SUPERVISION
15. 24.213.301 DEFINITIONS
16. 24.213.408 EXAMINATION
17. 24.213.504 AUTHORIZATION TO PERFORM PULMONARY FUNCTION TESTING
18. NEW RULE 1 BOARD ORGANIZATION
19. NEW RULE 2 PROCEDURAL RULES
20. NEW RULE 3 PUBLIC PARTICIPATION
21. NEW RULE 4 FEES
22. NEW RULE 5 FEE ABATEMENT
23. NEW RULE 6 ADMINISTRATIVE SUSPENSION
24. NEW RULE 7 NONROUTINE APPLICATIONS
25. NEW RULE 8 APPLICANTS WITH CRIMINAL CONVICTIONS
26. NEW RULE 9 SUBSTANTIAL EQUIVALENCY
27. NEW RULE 10 CONTINUING EDUCATION
28. NEW RULE 11 UNPROFESSIONAL CONDUCT

**REPEAL**

- 29. 24.129.101 BOARD ORGANIZATION
- 30. 24.129.202 PUBLIC PARTICIPATION
- 31. 24.129.401 FEES
- 32. 24.129.405 INSPECTIONS
- 33. 24.129.605 MILITARY TRAINING OR EXPERIENCE
- 34. 24.129.606 NONROUTINE APPLICATIONS
- 35. 24.129.608 APPLICANTS WITH CRIMINAL CONVICTIONS
- 36. 24.129.2101 CONTINUING EDUCATION REQUIREMENTS
- 37. 24.129.2301 UNPROFESSIONAL CONDUCT
- 38. 24.204.101 BOARD ORGANIZATION
- 39. 24.204.201 PROCEDURAL RULES
- 40. 24.204.202 PUBLIC PARTICIPATION
- 41. 24.204.401 FEE SCHEDULE
- 42. 24.204.404 PERMIT FEES
- 43. 24.204.406 ABATEMENT OF RENEWAL FEES
- 44. 24.204.409 MILITARY TRAINING OR EXPERIENCE
- 45. 24.204.411 REPLACEMENT LICENSES AND PERMITS
- 46. 24.204.414 HARDSHIP TEMPORARY PERMITS
- 47. 24.204.417 NONROUTINE APPLICATIONS
- 48. 24.204.607 CODE OF ETHICS
- 49. 24.204.2101 CONTINUING EDUCATION
- 50. 24.204.2102 WAIVER OF CONTINUING EDUCATION REQUIREMENT
- 51. 24.204.2116 RENEWAL - PROOF OF GOOD STANDING
- 52. 24.204.2301 UNPROFESSIONAL CONDUCT
- 53. 24.213.101 BOARD ORGANIZATION
- 54. 24.213.201 PROCEDURAL RULES
- 55. 24.213.202 PUBLIC PARTICIPATION
- 56. 24.213.401 FEE SCHEDULE
- 57. 24.213.403 ABATEMENT OF RENEWAL FEES
- 58. 24.213.406 NONROUTINE APPLICATIONS
- 59. 24.213.407 APPLICANTS WITH CRIMINAL CONVICTIONS
- 60. 24.213.423 ADMINISTRATIVE SUSPENSION
- 61. 24.213.2130 CONTINUING EDUCATION
- 62. 24.213.2310 UNPROFESSIONAL CONDUCT
  - a. Accept Public Comment
  - b. Discussion
  - c. Board motion and vote

**MOTION: (00:46:38) Chad Spangler moved to accept the rules package as proposed and discussed excluding the substantial equivalency portion. Carla Encarnacion seconded. The motion carried.**

**b. Election of Officers (00:42:45)**

- 1. Presiding Officer
  - a. Accept public comment (00:44:05)
  - b. Nominations and vote to elect presiding officer

**MOTION: (00:44:16)** Jenna Jones moved to nominate Chad Spangler as Presiding Officer. Alan Carmignani seconded. The motion carried.

2. Vice-Presiding Officer
  - a. Accept public comment
  - b. Nominations and vote to elect vice-presiding officer

**MOTION: (00:45:15)** Carla Encarnacion moved to nominate Angela Regalado as Vice-Presiding Officer. Jenna Jones seconded. The motion carried.

**F. Executive Officer Reports (00:47:06)**

- a. Fiscal Report (00:47:06)
- b. Licensing Report (00:47:45)

**G. Next Meeting(s) (00:50:11)**

**June 4, 2026**  
**September – Tentative**  
**December – TBD**

**H. Adjournment (00:53:28)**

## **Public Opportunity to Comment**

(Presiding Officer Statement) “Under this item, the Board will offer an opportunity to members of the public in attendance to comment on any public matter under the jurisdiction of the Board that is not on the agenda of this meeting. While the Board cannot take action on any issues presented, the board will listen to comments and may ask staff to place the issue on a subsequent agenda. The presiding officer may limit the comment period in order to proceed with the board meeting.”

# **Board Discussion**

- a. Screening Panel Assignments
  - 1. Accept Public Comment
  
- b. Adjudication Panel Assignments
  - 1. Accept Public Comment

## **Board Action**

### a. Administrative Rulemaking

#### i. HB 246 –Proposal- NEW RULE 9 – Substantial Equivalency

- a. Accept public comment
- b. Discussion
- c. Board Motion and Vote

03/20/2026

TO: Board of Allied Healthcare Professionals  
FROM: Amy Pfarr, Executive Officer  
RE: Administrative Rulemaking, HB246 Implementation

HB 246 has an effective date of October 1, 2025. The bill text is included in the following pages for reference.

HB 246 applies to all professional and occupational licensing boards and programs and does the following:

- Defines substantial equivalency in 37-1-302 to include education, examination, and experience.
- Clarifies board and department role in determining substantial equivalency in 37-1-302.
- Defines substantial equivalency as applying “by endorsement” in 37-1-304.
- Removes language pertaining to further examination in 37-1-304.
- Allows the board and department to address deficiencies with actual qualifications or experience in 37-1-304.

Each board needs to adopt a specific rule to implement HB 246. Tori Koch is department legal counsel assigned to this rulemaking project. The drafted language the Board is asked to Notice for Public Comment is as follows:

#### NEW RULE 9 SUBSTANTIAL EQUIVALENCY

- (1) The board adopts and incorporates by reference the “2025 substantial equivalency list for the Board of Allied Healthcare” publication. The publication is available on the board’s website.
- (2) The board intends to review the publication annually. However, failure to review or adopt a new list does not change the effectiveness of the adoption in this rule.
- (3) License applications from individuals licensed in substantially equivalent states are routine applications as to the education, examination, and experience requirements for licensure. Applications may be nonroutine on other bases.

#### Actions Boards Needs to Take at This Meeting:

1. Receive public comment from meeting attendees;
2. Discuss proposed rule change; and
3. Make a motion and vote on whether to proceed with formal rulemaking (see sample motions below).

Sample Motion #1: Move to notice for public comment the proposed adoption of NEW RULE 1 as presented and discussed.

In addition, the board needs to review and discuss the spreadsheets in the following pages which contain substantial equivalency analysis prepared by department staff. The spreadsheets cover a



50 state survey comparing the education, examination, and experience requirements of other states, along with a determination (listed in Column B) as to whether the state's license qualifications are substantially equivalent to the Montana license qualifications.



AN ACT PROVIDING FOR STANDARDIZATION OF SUBSTANTIAL EQUIVALENCY DETERMINATIONS IN PROFESSIONAL LICENSING; PROVIDING A DEFINITION; REMOVING DUPLICATIVE SUBSECTIONS RELATED TO EQUIVALENCY AND RECIPROCITY; AMENDING SECTIONS 37-1-302, 37-1-304, 37-26-201, 37-33-405, 37-50-203, AND 37-73-204, MCA; AND REPEALING SECTIONS 37-39-203 AND 37-65-310, MCA.”

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

**Section 1.** Section 37-1-302, MCA, is amended to read:

**"37-1-302. Definitions.** As used in this part, the following definitions apply:

- (1) "Board" means a licensing board created under Title 2, chapter 15, that regulates a profession or occupation and that is administratively attached to the department as provided in 2-15-121.
- (2) "Complaint" means a written allegation filed with a board that, if true, warrants an injunction, disciplinary action against a licensee, or denial of an application submitted by a license applicant.
- (3) "Department" means the department of labor and industry.
- (4) "Inspection" means the periodic examination of premises, equipment, or procedures or of a practitioner by the department to determine whether the practitioner's profession or occupation is being conducted in a manner consistent with the public health, safety, and welfare.
- (5) "Investigation" means the inquiry, analysis, audit, or other pursuit of information by the department, with respect to a written complaint or other information before a board, that is carried out for the purpose of determining:
  - (a) whether a person has violated a provision of law justifying discipline against the person;
  - (b) the status of compliance with a stipulation or order of the board;
  - (c) whether a license should be granted, denied, or conditionally issued; or

(d) whether a board should seek an injunction.

(6) "License" means permission granted under a chapter of this title to engage in or practice at a specific level in a profession or occupation, regardless of the specific term used for the permission, including permit, certificate, recognition, or registration.

(7) "Profession" or "occupation" means a profession or occupation regulated by a board.

(8) (a) "Substantial equivalency" or "substantially equivalent" means that the education, examination, and experience requirements contained in the statutes and rules of another jurisdiction are comparable to or exceed the education, examination, and experience requirements contained in the licensing provisions of a profession or occupation under Title 37. When ascertaining substantial equivalency, the respective board or the department, as applicable, shall consider the qualifications without regard to the sequence in which the experience, education, and examination requirements were attained.

(b) For occupations and professions under the authority of a board, the board shall determine substantial equivalency.

(c) For occupations and professions under the authority of a department program, the department shall determine substantial equivalency."

**Section 2.** Section 37-1-304, MCA, is amended to read:

**"37-1-304. Licensure of out-of-state applicants by endorsement -- reciprocity.** ~~(1) Except as provided in Title 37, chapter 39, the board shall issue a license to practice without examination to a person licensed in another state if the board determines that:~~

~~(a) the other state's license standards at the time of application to this state are substantially equivalent to or greater than the standards in this state; and~~

~~(b) there is no reason to deny the license under the laws of this state governing the profession or occupation.~~

~~(2) The license may be issued if the applicant affirms or states in the application that the applicant has requested verification from the state or states in which the person is licensed that the person is currently licensed and is not subject to pending charges or final disciplinary action for unprofessional conduct or impairment. If the board or its screening panel finds reasonable cause to believe that the applicant falsely~~

~~affirmed or stated that the applicant has requested verification from another state, the board may summarily suspend the license pending further action to discipline or revoke the license. (1) Except as provided in 37-1-147, an applicant for licensure by endorsement must have an active license in good standing from a jurisdiction whose license qualifications, measured at the time of application to this state, are substantially equivalent to the license qualifications of this state.~~

(2) For an application regulated by a board, if the board determines that the qualifications in subsection (1) are not substantially equivalent, the board shall determine whether the deficiency can be addressed by the applicant's actual qualifications and work experience.

(3) For an application regulated by a program, if the qualifications in subsection (1) are not substantially equivalent, the department shall determine whether the deficiency can be addressed by the applicant's actual qualifications and work experience.

~~(3)(4) This section does not prevent a board from entering into a reciprocity agreement with the licensing authority of another state or jurisdiction. Except as provided in Title 37, chapter 39, the agreement may not permit out-of-state licensees to obtain a license by reciprocity within this state if the license applicant has not met standards that are substantially equivalent to or greater than the standards required in this state as determined by the board on a case-by-case basis.~~

(5) This section does not apply to the licensure of schools or facilities regulated by boards and programs."

**Section 3.** Section 37-26-201, MCA, is amended to read:

**"37-26-201. Powers and duties of board.** The board shall:

- (1) adopt rules necessary or proper to administer and enforce this chapter;
- (2) adopt rules that specify the scope of practice of naturopathic medicine stated in 37-26-301, that are consistent with the definition of naturopathic medicine provided in 37-26-103, and that are consistent with the education provided by approved naturopathic medical colleges;
- ~~(3) adopt rules that endorse equivalent licensure examinations of another state or territory of the United States, the District of Columbia, or a foreign country and that may include licensure by reciprocity;~~
- ~~(4)(3) adopt rules that set nonrefundable fees for application, and licensure;~~

- ~~(5)~~(4) approve naturopathic medical colleges as defined in 37-26-103;
  - ~~(6)~~(5) issue certificates of specialty practice;
  - ~~(7)~~(6) adopt rules that, in the discretion of the board, appropriately restrict licenses to a limited scope of practice of naturopathic medicine, which may exclude the use of minor surgery allowed under 37-26-301;
- and
- ~~(8)~~(7) adopt rules that contain the formulary list created by the alternative health care formulary committee provided for in 37-26-301."

**Section 4.** Section 37-33-405, MCA, is amended to read:

**"37-33-405. Powers and duties of board -- rulemaking authority.** The board shall:

- (1) adopt rules necessary or proper to administer and enforce this chapter;
- ~~(2) adopt rules that endorse equivalent licensure examinations of another state or territory of the United States, the District of Columbia, or a foreign country and that may include licensure by reciprocity;~~
- ~~(3)~~(2) adopt rules establishing reasonable requirements for continuing education, which must require 12 hours of continuing education to be completed in each 2-year period;
- ~~(4)~~(3) meet as often as necessary for the conduct of business but at least twice a year; and
- ~~(5)~~(4) take disciplinary action necessary to protect the public as provided for in Title 37, chapter 1."

**Section 5.** Section 37-50-203, MCA, is amended to read:

**"37-50-203. Rules of board.** (1) The board may adopt rules, consistent with the purposes of this chapter, that it considers necessary.

- (2) The board shall adopt:
  - (a) rules of professional conduct appropriate to establish and maintain a high standard of integrity, dignity, and competency in the profession of public accounting, including competency in specific fields of public accounting;
  - (b) rules governing education requirements, as provided in 37-50-305, for issuance of the license of a certified public accountant;
  - (c) rules defining requirements for accounting experience, not exceeding 2 years, for issuance of

the initial license; and

(d) rules to enforce the provisions of this chapter. The purpose of the rules is to provide for the monitoring of the profession of public accounting and to maintain the quality of the accounting profession.

(3) The board may adopt rules:

(a) ~~governing firms and other types of entities practicing public accounting, including but not limited to rules concerning style, name, title, and affiliation with other organizations; and~~

(b) ~~establishing education and experience qualifications for out-of-state and foreign accountants seeking licenses to practice in Montana."~~

**Section 6.** Section 37-73-204, MCA, is amended to read:

**"37-73-204. Elevator mechanic's examination -- fee -- reciprocity.** (1) The department shall, at least once a year, administer an examination to applicants meeting the requirements of 37-73-203(2)(b). The department shall determine the subjects, scope, and acceptable level of performance for the examination.

(2) The department shall determine by rule the fees to be charged an applicant for each examination and reexamination that the department administers. The fees must be commensurate with costs.

(3) An applicant for a license who has previously taken and failed the examination required by this section may retake it at any time within 2 years without again furnishing proof of compliance with 37-73-203(2)(b).

(4) ~~The department may issue a license to an individual holding a valid license from another state that the department determines has standards substantially equal to this chapter upon application and without examination."~~

**Section 7. Repealer.** The following sections of the Montana Code Annotated are repealed:

37-39-203. Licensure and certification reciprocity for out-of-state applicants.

37-65-310. License verification.

- END -

I hereby certify that the within bill,  
HB 246, originated in the House.

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Chief Clerk of the House

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Speaker of the House

Signed this \_\_\_\_\_ day  
of \_\_\_\_\_, 2025.

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President of the Senate

Signed this \_\_\_\_\_ day  
of \_\_\_\_\_, 2025.

HOUSE BILL NO. 246

INTRODUCED BY E. BUTTREY, L. JONES

AN ACT PROVIDING FOR STANDARDIZATION OF SUBSTANTIAL EQUIVALENCY DETERMINATIONS IN PROFESSIONAL LICENSING; PROVIDING A DEFINITION; REMOVING DUPLICATIVE SUBSECTIONS RELATED TO EQUIVALENCY AND RECIPROCITY; AMENDING SECTIONS 37-1-302, 37-1-304, 37-26-201, 37-33-405, 37-50-203, AND 37-73-204, MCA; AND REPEALING SECTIONS 37-39-203 AND 37-65-310, MCA.”

## Montana Code Annotated 2023

TITLE 2. GOVERNMENT STRUCTURE AND ADMINISTRATION  
CHAPTER 4. ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURE ACT

### Part 1. General Provisions

#### Small Business Impact Analysis -- Assistance

**2-4-111. Small business impact analysis -- assistance.** (1) Prior to the adoption of a proposed rule, the agency that has proposed the rule shall determine if the rule will significantly and directly impact small businesses. If the agency determines that the proposed rule will impact small businesses, the determination must be published in the register when the proposed rule is published. If the agency determines that the proposed rule may have a significant and direct impact on small businesses and if subsection (4) does not apply, the agency shall prepare a small business impact analysis that, at a minimum, must:

- (a) identify by class or group the small businesses probably affected by the proposed rule;
  - (b) include a statement of the probable significant and direct effects of the proposed rule on the small businesses identified in subsection (1)(a); and
  - (c) include a description of any alternative methods that may be reasonably implemented to minimize or eliminate any potential adverse effects of adopting the proposed rule while still achieving the purpose of the proposed rule.
- (2) The agency shall provide documentation for the estimates, statements, and descriptions required under subsection (1).
- (3) The office of economic development, established in **2-15-218**, shall advise and assist agencies in complying with this section.
- (4) An agency is not required to prepare a separate small business impact analysis under this section if the agency pursuant to **2-4-405** is preparing or has prepared an economic impact statement regarding adoption, amendment, or repeal of a rule.
- (5) The final adoption, amendment, or repeal of a rule is not subject to challenge in any court as a result of the inaccuracy or inadequacy of a small business impact analysis required under this section.

**History:** En. Sec. 1, Ch. 318, L. 2013.

## License Evaluation



State	Substantially equivalent to Montana?	If applicable, why not substantially equivalent?	Regulating Body Type	Licensing Website	Education	Supervised experience required?	Hours of Experience	Examination (Name and Provider)	Required Exam Score	Additional Comments
Alabama	Yes		Board	<a href="https://www.asbrt.alabama.gov/">https://www.asbrt.alabama.gov/</a>	Indirect - Degree	No		Therapist Multiple-Choice (TMC) exam also known as the Written Registry Exam provided by the National Board of Respiratory Care	Not specified	The board does not explicitly require qualifying education. Rather, it refers to NBRC qualifications to sit for the entrance to practice exam which requires qualifying education. The TMC exam offers two cut scores which determine a persons eligibility for NBRC credentials. A low cut score is required for licensure whereas a high cut score qualifies the person for an additional exam which leads to a higher credential.
Alaska	No	Alaska does not require a license to practice	Other							A person may practice as a respiratory therapist if they have successfully completed a RT program at an accredited institution.
Arizona	Yes		Board	<a href="https://respiratoryboard.az.gov/">https://respiratoryboard.az.gov/</a>	Indirect - Degree	No		Registered Respiratory Therapist (RRT) exam comprised of two parts: Therapist Multiple-Choice (TMC) also known as the Written Registry Exam and Clinical Simulation Exam (CSE) exam provided by the National Board of Respiratory Care	Not Specified	
Arkansas	Yes		Board	<a href="https://www.armedicalboard.org/Professionals/RespiratoryTherapist.aspx">https://www.armedicalboard.org/Professionals/RespiratoryTherapist.aspx</a>	Indirect - Degree	No		Therapist Multiple-Choice (TMC) exam also known as the Written Registry Exam provided by the National Board of Respiratory Care	Not specified	

California	Yes		Board	<a href="https://www.rcb.ca.gov/">https://www.rcb.ca.gov/</a>	Indirect - Degree	No		Registered Respiratory Therapist (RRT) exam comprised of two parts: Therapist Multiple-Choice (TMC) also known as the Written Registry Exam and Clinical Simulation Exam (CSE) exam provided by the National Board of Respiratory Care	No Specified	
Colorado	Yes		Other	<a href="https://dpo.colorado.gov/RespiratoryTherapy">https://dpo.colorado.gov/RespiratoryTherapy</a>	Indirect - Degree	No		Therapist Multiple-Choice (TMC) exam also known as the Written Registry Exam provided by the National Board of Respiratory Care	Not Specified	License requires NBRC certification, only, which requires qualifying education and passage of the TMC exam or higher.
Connecticut	Yes		Other	<a href="https://portal.ct.gov/dph/practitioner-licensing-investigations/rcp/respiratory-care-practitioner-licensure">https://portal.ct.gov/dph/practitioner-licensing-investigations/rcp/respiratory-care-practitioner-licensure</a>	Indirect - Degree	No		Therapist Multiple-Choice (TMC) exam also known as the Written Registry Exam provided by the National Board of Respiratory Care		
Delaware	Yes		Other	<a href="https://dpr.delaware.gov/board/s/medicalpractice/respiratory_license/">https://dpr.delaware.gov/board/s/medicalpractice/respiratory_license/</a>	Indirect - Degree	No		License requires NBRC Certified Respiratory Therapist or Registered Respiratory Therapist credential, only. Qualifying for the credential requires qualifying education and passage of the TMC exam or higher.	Not Specified	Title 24 § 1775. Respiratory Care Advisory Council. Background check is required. (a) The Respiratory Care Advisory Council (Council) consists of 7 members, 1 of whom is a physician member of the Board of Medical Licensure and Discipline. The remaining 6 council members are individuals trained in respiratory care who have been licensed and primarily employed in the practice of respiratory care in this State for at least 2 of the 3 years immediately prior to appointment. The Council may elect officers as necessary.

Florida	Yes		Other	<a href="https://floridasr.ventures.com/industry/industry-licensing/">https://floridasr.ventures.com/industry/industry-licensing/</a>	Indirect - Degree	No		License requires NBRC Certified Respiratory Therapist or Registered Respiratory Therapist credential, only. Qualifying for the credential requires qualifying education and passage of the TMC exam or higher.	Not Specified	
Georgia	Yes		Board	<a href="https://medicalboard.georgia.gov/licensure-information/respiratory-care-professional">https://medicalboard.georgia.gov/licensure-information/respiratory-care-professional</a>	Indirect - Degree (verified)	No		Registered Respiratory Therapist (RRT) exam comprised of two parts: Therapist Multiple-Choice (TMC) also known as the Written Registry Exam and Clinical Simulation Exam (CSE) exam provided by the National Board of Respiratory Care	Not specified	
Hawaii	Yes		Program	<a href="https://cca.hawaii.gov/pvl/programs/respiratory/">https://cca.hawaii.gov/pvl/programs/respiratory/</a>	Indirect - Degree	No		License requires NBRC Certified Respiratory Therapist or Registered Respiratory Therapist credential, only. Qualifying for the credential requires qualifying education and passage of the TMC exam or higher.	Not Specified	
Idaho	Yes		Board	<a href="https://dopl.idaho.gov/resp/">https://dopl.idaho.gov/resp/</a>	Degree	Yes		Therapist Multiple-Choice (TMC) exam also known as the Written Registry Exam provided by the National Board of Respiratory Care	Not specified	UPDATED 2024 - STILL SE. Graduates may obtain a temporary permit with qualifying supervision. Permit is effective for 6 months or until license issuance upon passage of
Illinois	Yes		Board	<a href="https://idfpr.illinois.gov/profs/respcare.html">https://idfpr.illinois.gov/profs/respcare.html</a>	Degree	No		Therapist Multiple-Choice (TMC) exam also known as the Written Registry Exam provided by the National Board of Respiratory Care	Not specified	
Indiana	Yes		Other	<a href="https://www.in.gov/pla/professions/respiratory-care-home/">https://www.in.gov/pla/professions/respiratory-care-home/</a>	Degree	No		Therapist Multiple-Choice (TMC) exam also known as the Written Registry Exam provided by the National Board of Respiratory Care	Not specified	Licenses are review and regulated under the Indiana Respiratory Care Committee, which is a subset of the Board of Medical Examiners.

Iowa	Yes		Board	<a href="https://dial.iowa.gov/i-need/licenses/medical/respiratory-care">https://dial.iowa.gov/i-need/licenses/medical/respiratory-care</a>	Indirect - Degree (verified)			Therapist Multiple-Choice (TMC) exam also known as the Written Registry Exam provided by the National Board of Respiratory Care or higher.	Not specified	License requires NBRC Certified Respiratory Therapist or Registered Respiratory Therapist credential, only. Qualifying for the credential requires qualifying education and passage of the TMC exam or higher.
Kansas	Yes		Board	<a href="http://www.ksbha.org/main.shtml">http://www.ksbha.org/main.shtml</a>	Degree	No		Therapist Multiple-Choice (TMC) exam also known as the Written Registry Exam provided by the National Board of Respiratory Care	Not specified	Licenses are review and regulated under the Kansas State Board of Healing Arts, which regulates 16 different professions.
Kentucky	Yes		Board	<a href="https://kbrc.ky.gov/Pages/index.aspx">https://kbrc.ky.gov/Pages/index.aspx</a>	Indirect - Degree	No		Therapist Multiple-Choice (TMC) exam also known as the Written Registry Exam provided by the National Board of Respiratory Care	Not specified	License requires NBRC Certified Respiratory Therapist or Registered Respiratory Therapist credential, only. Qualifying for the credential requires qualifying education and passage of the TMC exam or higher.
Louisiana	Yes		Board	<a href="https://www.lsbme.la.gov/licensure/respiratory-therapists">https://www.lsbme.la.gov/licensure/respiratory-therapists</a>	Indirect - Degree	No		Therapist Multiple-Choice (TMC) exam also known as the Written Registry Exam provided by the National Board of Respiratory Care	Not specified.	UPDATED 2024 STILL SE Licensees are regulated under the Louisiana State Board of Medical Examiners, which regulates 17 different professions. License requires NBRC Certified Respiratory Therapist or Registered Respiratory Therapist credential, only. Qualifying for the credential requires qualifying education and passage of the TMC exam or higher.
Maine	Yes		Board	<a href="https://www.maine.gov/pfr/professionallicensing/professions/board-respiratory-care">https://www.maine.gov/pfr/professionallicensing/professions/board-respiratory-care</a>	Degree	No		Therapist Multiple-Choice (TMC) exam also known as the Written Registry Exam provided by the National Board of Respiratory Care	Not specified.	



Nebraska	Yes		Other	<a href="https://dhhs.ne.gov/Licensure/Pages/Respiratory-Care.aspx">https://dhhs.ne.gov/Licensure/Pages/Respiratory-Care.aspx</a>	Degree	No		License requires NBRC Certified Respiratory Therapist or Registered Respiratory Therapist credential, only. Qualifying for the credential requires qualifying education and passage of the TMC exam or higher.	Not specified.	
Nevada	Yes		Board	<a href="https://medboard.nv.gov/">https://medboard.nv.gov/</a>	Degree	No		Pass the examination as an entry-level or advanced practitioner of respiratory care administered by the National Board for Respiratory Care or its successor organization. The entry level exam is the Therapist Multiple-Choice (TMC) exam also known as the Written Registry Exam provided by the National Board of Respiratory Care	Not specified.	Licensees are regulated under the Nevada State Board of Medical Examiners with advisement from the of the Respiratory Care Advisory Committee. Qualifying education is not expressly required by statute. Rather, it refers to NBRC certified respiratory therapist or registered respiratory therapist credentials, which contemplate education and examination.
New Hampshire	Yes		Board	<a href="https://www.opic.nh.gov/advisory-board-respiratory-care-practitioners">https://www.opic.nh.gov/advisory-board-respiratory-care-practitioners</a>	Degree	No		Pass the examination(s) administered in English by the NBRC to earn the certified respiratory therapist (CRT) credential or the registered respiratory therapist (RRT) credential. The entry level exam is the Therapist Multiple-Choice (TMC) exam also known as the Written Registry Exam provided by the National Board of Respiratory Care	Not specified.	The Board serves in an advisory capacity, only, and advises the executive director in various capacities relating to rulemaking, etc.
New Jersey	Yes		Board	<a href="https://www.njconsumeraffairs.gov/resp/Pages/regulations.aspx">https://www.njconsumeraffairs.gov/resp/Pages/regulations.aspx</a>	Degree from a training program accredited by the Committee on Accreditation for Respiratory Care (CoARC) or its successor	No				

New Mexico	Yes		Board	<a href="https://www.rld.nm.gov/boards-and-commissions/individual-boards-and-commissions/respiratory-care/">https://www.rld.nm.gov/boards-and-commissions/individual-boards-and-commissions/respiratory-care/</a>	Degree from a training program accredited by the Committee on Accreditation for Respiratory Care (CoARC) or its successor			Registered Respiratory Therapist (RRT) exam comprised of two parts: Therapist Multiple-Choice (TMC) also known as the Written Registry Exam and Clinical Simulation Exam (CSE) exam provided by the National Board of Respiratory Care		title 16 chapter 23 part 3 revised 6/27/23 still SE
New York	Yes		Other	<a href="https://www.op.nysed.gov/professions/respiratory-therapists/status">https://www.op.nysed.gov/professions/respiratory-therapists/status</a>	Degree from a qualified New York State program or accredited by the Committee on Accreditation for Respiratory Care (CoARC) or its successor.	No		Pass the examination as an entry-level practitioner of respiratory care administered by the National Board for Respiratory Care or its successor organization. The entry level exam is the Therapist Multiple-Choice (TMC) exam also known as the Written Registry Exam provided by the National Board of Respiratory Care. First cut score qualifies examinee for CRT credential.	Not specified.	
North Dakota	Yes		Board	<a href="https://www.ndsbr.com/License/index.asp">https://www.ndsbr.com/License/index.asp</a>	Chapter 105-02-01 amended July 1, 2018. Degree from a qualified New York State program or accredited by the Committee on Accreditation for Respiratory Care (CoARC) or its successor.	No				
North Carolina	Yes		Board	<a href="https://ncrcb.org/">https://ncrcb.org/</a>	Degree from a training program accredited by the Committee on Accreditation for Respiratory Care (CoARC) or its successor	Yes, 5 years	Twelve to sixty hours depending on experience	Pass the examination as an entry-level practitioner of respiratory care administered by the National Board for Respiratory Care (NBRC) or its successor organization. The entry level exam is the Therapist Multiple-Choice (TMC) exam also known as the Written Registry Exam provided by the National Board of Respiratory Care. First cut score qualifies examinee for	Not Specified.	

Ohio	Yes		Board	<a href="https://med.ohio.gov">https://med.ohio.gov</a>	Minimum of associate degree from a training program accredited by the Committee on Accreditation for Respiratory Care (CoARC) or its successor			Registered Respiratory Therapist (RRT) exam comprised of two parts: Therapist Multiple-Choice (TMC) also known as the Written Registry Exam and Clinical Simulation Exam (CSE) exam provided by the National Board of Respiratory Care	No Specified	CHAPTER 4761-5 EXAMINATION AND LICENSING LAST AMENDED 9/30/2020. BOARD REQUIRES REVIEW EVERY FIVE YEARS. Licensing is administered under the State Medical Board of Ohio
Oklahoma	Yes		Board	<a href="https://www.okmedicalboard.org/respiratory_care_practitioners">https://www.okmedicalboard.org/respiratory_care_practitioners</a>	Degree - Indirect	No		Pass the examination(s) administered in English by the NBRC to earn the certified respiratory therapist (CRT) credential or the registered respiratory therapist (RRT) credential. The entry level exam is the Therapist Multiple-Choice (TMC) exam also known as the Written Registry Exam provided by the National Board of Respiratory Care	Not specified.	Licensing is administered under the Oklahoma Board of Medical Licensure and Supervision
Oregon	Yes		Board	<a href="https://www.oregon.gov/oha/PH/HLO/Pages/Board-RTPT.aspx">https://www.oregon.gov/oha/PH/HLO/Pages/Board-RTPT.aspx</a>	Degree - Indirect	No		Registered Respiratory Therapist (RRT) exam comprised of two parts: Therapist Multiple-Choice (TMC) also known as the Written Registry Exam and Clinical Simulation Exam (CSE) exam provided by the National Board of Respiratory Care	Not specified.	331-710-0010 AMENDED 1/1/2021
Pennsylvania	Yes		Board	<a href="https://www.pa.gov/agencies/dos/departments-and-offices/bpoa/boards-commissions/medicine.html#accordion-78b7765b58-item-e029ef5109">https://www.pa.gov/agencies/dos/departments-and-offices/bpoa/boards-commissions/medicine.html#accordion-78b7765b58-item-e029ef5109</a>	Degree from a training program accredited by the Committee on Accreditation for Respiratory Care (CoARC) or its successor	No		Passed the entry level credentialing examination as determined by the NBRC. The entry level exam is the Therapist Multiple-Choice (TMC) exam also known as the Written Registry Exam provided by the National Board of Respiratory Care. First cut score qualifies examinee for CRT credential.	Not specified.	Licensing is administered under the Pennsylvania State Board of Medicine

Rhode Island	Yes		Board	<a href="https://health.ri.gov/licenses/detail.php?id=243">https://health.ri.gov/licenses/detail.php?id=243</a>	Degree - Indirect	No		Therapist Multiple-Choice (TMC) exam also known as the Written Registry Exam provided by the National Board of Respiratory Care. First cut score qualifies examinee for CRT credential.		316-RICR-40-05-16 LAST UPDATED 1/4/2022 The board requires passage of the NBRC entry-level examination and the applicant to show they hold an active certificate as a Certified Respiratory Therapist (CRT) or Registered Respiratory Therapist (RRT) by the National Board for respiratory Care (NBRC).
South Dakota	Yes		Board	<a href="https://www.sdbmoe.gov/professions-respiratory-therapist/">https://www.sdbmoe.gov/professions-respiratory-therapist/</a>	Degree - Indirect	No		License requires NBRC Certified Respiratory Therapist or Registered Respiratory Therapist credential, only. Qualifying for the credential requires qualifying education and passage of the TMC exam or higher.	Not specified.	Licensing is administered under the South Dakota Board of Medical and Osteopathic Examiners under the advisement of the Respiratory Care Council
South Carolina	Yes		Board	<a href="https://lrr.sc.gov/med/rcp.aspx">https://lrr.sc.gov/med/rcp.aspx</a>	Degree - Indirect	No		Applicants are required to show passage of the Therapist Multiple-Choice (TMC) exam also known as the Written Registry Exam provided by the National Board of Respiratory Care. First cut score qualifies examinee for CRT credential.		
Tennessee	Yes		Board	<a href="https://www.tn.gov/health/health-program-areas/health-professional-boards/rc-board.html">https://www.tn.gov/health/health-program-areas/health-professional-boards/rc-board.html</a>	Degree - Indirect					
Texas	Yes		Board	<a href="https://www.tmb.state.tx.us/page/licensing-respiratory-care-practitioner">https://www.tmb.state.tx.us/page/licensing-respiratory-care-practitioner</a>	Degree from a training program accredited by the Committee on Accreditation for Respiratory Care (CoARC) or its successor	No		License requires NBRC Certified Respiratory Therapist, only. Qualifying for the credential requires qualifying education and passage of the Therapist Multiple-Choice (TMC) exam also known as the Written Registry Exam provided by the National Board of Respiratory Care	Not specified.	Licensing is administered under the Texas Medical Board.

Utah	Yes		Board	<a href="https://www.dopl.utah.gov/respiratory-care/">https://www.dopl.utah.gov/respiratory-care/</a>	a respiratory care educational program accredited by the Committee on Accreditation for Respiratory Care (COARC) as evidenced by NBRC certification as a CRT or RRT	No		(1) the National Board for Respiratory Care (NBRC) Certification Examination for Entry Level Respiratory Therapists (CRT); or (2) the NBRC Registry Examination for Advanced Respiratory Therapists (RRT)	Not specified.	LAST RULE AMENDMENT 2/22/2007
Vermont	Yes		Other	<a href="https://sos.vermont.gov/respiratory-care-practitioners/">https://sos.vermont.gov/respiratory-care-practitioners/</a>	Degree from a training program accredited by the Committee on Accreditation for Respiratory Care (CoARC) or its successor	No		National exam approved by the director. The National Board for Respiratory Care (NBRC) Certification Examination is considered approved by the Director of The Office of Professional Education	Not specified.	LAST RULE AMENDMENT 9/1/2005
Virginia	Yes		Board	<a href="https://www.dhp.virginia.gov/Boards/Medicine/AbouttheBoard/RegulatedProfessions/RespiratoryTherapist/">https://www.dhp.virginia.gov/Boards/Medicine/AbouttheBoard/RegulatedProfessions/RespiratoryTherapist/</a>	Degree from an accredited respiratory care program.	No		License requires NBRC Certified Respiratory Therapist, only. Qualifying for the credential requires qualifying education and passage of the Therapist Multiple-Choice (TMC) exam also known as the Written Registry Exam provided by the National Board of Respiratory Care		18-VAC-85-40-50 LAST REVISED 3/5/2020 Licensing is administered under the Virginia Board of Medicine
Washington	Yes		Program	<a href="https://doh.wa.gov/licenses-permits-and-certificates/professions-new-renew-or-update/respiratory-care-practitioner">https://doh.wa.gov/licenses-permits-and-certificates/professions-new-renew-or-update/respiratory-care-practitioner</a>	Degree - Indirect	No		Registered Respiratory Therapist (RRT) exam comprised of two parts: Therapist Multiple-Choice (TMC) also known as the Written Registry Exam and Clinical Simulation Exam (CSE) exam provided by the National Board of Respiratory Care	RRT cut score not specified.	WAC 246-928-540 LAST REVISED 7/1/2022 Licensing is administered under the Washington State Department of Health. I found no indication that the license pool is represented on a board or advisory committee through formal means.

West Virginia	Yes		Board	<a href="https://www.wvborc.com/">https://www.wvborc.com/</a>	Degree - Indirect	No		Registered Respiratory Therapist (RRT) exam comprised of two parts: Therapist Multiple-Choice (TMC) also known as the Written Registry Exam and Clinical Simulation Exam (CSE) exam provided by the National Board of Respiratory Care	Not specified.	30-1-3 LAST REVISED 2025 <a href="https://www.wvborc.com/Content/West%20Virginia%20Respiratory%20Care%20Act%20-%20Revised%202025.pdf">https://www.wvborc.com/Content/West%20Virginia%20Respiratory%20Care%20Act%20-%20Revised%202025.pdf</a> Applicants "by endorsement" may qualify with active current Certified Respiratory Therapist (CRT) credential issued by the National Board for Respiratory Care (NBRC), whereas initial licensure applicants must pass the higher RRT exam to qualify.
Wisconsin	Yes		Board	<a href="https://dsps.wi.gov/Pages/Professions/RespiratoryCarePractitioner/Default.aspx">https://dsps.wi.gov/Pages/Professions/RespiratoryCarePractitioner/Default.aspx</a>	Graduate from a school with a course of instruction in respiratory care approved by the Commission on Accreditation for Respiratory Care (CoARC) or the Joint Review Committee for Respiratory Care (JRCRC).	No		Therapist Multiple-Choice (TMC) exam also known as the Written Registry Exam provided by the National Board of Respiratory Care.	Not specified.	
Wyoming	Yes		Board	<a href="https://respiratory.wyo.gov/">https://respiratory.wyo.gov/</a>	Degree	No		Certified Respiratory Therapist (CRT) exam or the Registered Respiratory Therapist (RRT) exam administered by the NBRC. Therapist Multiple-Choice (TMC) exam also known as the Written Registry Exam provided by the National Board of Respiratory Care	Not specified.	LAST REVISED 4/5/2023. <a href="https://rules.wyo.gov/Search.aspx?Agency=022">https://rules.wyo.gov/Search.aspx?Agency=022</a> The board requires either the CRT or RRT exams to qualify, although these are the credentials associated with passage of the two parts (TMC and CSE) of the exam.



Florida	No	No, due to Florida's optional path to licensure that does not require a bachelor's degree like Montana does. Possibly substantially equivalent upon proof of applicant's bachelor's degree	Board	<a href="https://floridasclinicallabs.gov/">https://floridasclinicallabs.gov/</a>	Have earned a doctoral, master's, or bachelor's degree in a chemical, physical, biological or clinical laboratory science, or medical technology from an accredited institution. OR Have earned an associate degree in a laboratory science or medical laboratory technology from an accredited institution, or education and training that is equivalent	National Accrediting Agency for Clinical Laboratory Sciences- approved clinical laboratory training program for bachelor's degrees and associate degrees in clinical/medical lab technology.	Up to 3 years	American Society for Clinical Pathology Exam	400	
Georgia	No	License type not available				N	N			
Hawaii	No	No, due to Hawaii's optional path of 3 academic years of study in an accredited college or university in medical technology. Possibly substantially equivalent upon proof of applicant's bachelor's degree	Program	<a href="https://health.hawaii.gov/statelab/licensing/">https://health.hawaii.gov/statelab/licensing/</a>	Bachelor's degree OR Completed 3 academic years of study in an accredited college or university in medical technology OR Bachelor's degree from an accredited college or university in one of the chemical, physical, or biological sciences	For bachelor's degree - completion of training in an accredited program; for completion of 3 academic years of study - Completion of training in an accredited program in medical technology and pass a qualifying examination in medical technology and pass a qualifying examination; for bachelor's degree from an accredited college or	See supervised training or experience field	American Society for Clinical Pathology Exam	400	
Idaho	No	License type not available								
Illinois	No	License type not available								
Indiana	No	License type not available								

Iowa	No	License type not available								
Kansas	No	License type not available								
Kentucky	No	License type not available								
Louisiana	No	License type not available due to Louisiana's training program not being equivalent to Montana's bachelor's degree requirement and lack of training path. Possibly substantially equivalent upon proof of applicant's bachelor's degree and licensees licensed prior to January 1, 1995 did not require current Louisiana or Montana standards	Other	<a href="https://www.lsbme.la.gov/licensure/clinical-laboratory-personnel">https://www.lsbme.la.gov/licensure/clinical-laboratory-personnel</a> *LICENSED UNDER THE LOUISIANA BOARD OF MEDICAL EXAMINERS	Bachelor's degree OR Complete the educational, clinical, and employment experience requirements, if any, necessary to be eligible for and successfully complete a nationally recognized certification examination, all of which are approved by the board upon recommendation by the committee OR Meet the requirements for licensure without examination as provided in R.S. 37:1319	The board upon the recommendation of the committee, shall issue a license in training to an individual who has not fulfilled the educational requirements to take a license examination or needs to obtain full-time comprehensive experience under supervision, or both, in any license category. A license in training shall	Varies	American Society for Clinical Pathology Exam	400	Falls under the umbrella of the Louisiana Board of Medical Examiners and is referred to as a committee
Maine	No	License type not available								
Maryland	No	License type not available								
Massachusetts	No	License type not available								
Michigan	No	License type not available								
Minnesota	No	License type not available								
Mississippi	No	License type not available								
Missouri	No	License type not available								
Montana	No		Board	<a href="https://boards.bsd.dli.mt.gov/clinical-laboratory-science-practitioners/">https://boards.bsd.dli.mt.gov/clinical-laboratory-science-practitioners/</a>	Bachelor's degree with 36 semester hours in physical and/or biological sciences	None		American Society for Clinical Pathology Exam	400	

Nebraska	No	License type not available								
Nevada	Yes		Other	<a href="https://dpbh.nv.gov/Reg/MedicalLabs/MedicalLaboratories-Home/">https://dpbh.nv.gov/Reg/MedicalLabs/MedicalLaboratories-Home/</a>	<p>(a) Successfully complete a full course of study which meets all academic requirements for a bachelor's degree in medical technology from an accredited college or university, and pass a national examination for certification approved by the Board;</p> <p>(b) Successfully complete a course of study for a bachelor's degree in one of the chemical, physical or biological sciences at an accredited college or university, have at least 1 year of additional full-time experience or training in a licensed laboratory, or laboratory of a hospital, health department or university in the specialty or subspecialty in which the person performs tests, and</p>	1 year of additional full-time experience or training if applying with a bachelor's degree in chemical, physical or biological sciences	1 year if applicable	American Society for Clinical Pathology Exam	400	
New Hampshire	No	License type not available								
New Jersey	No	License type not available								
New Mexico	No	License type not available								

New York	No	Not substantially equivalent as New York offers alternatives to education - see Education Requirements field.	Program	<a href="https://www.op.nysed.gov/clinical-laboratory-technologists">https://www.op.nysed.gov/clinical-laboratory-technologists</a>	b. Education: have received an education, including a bachelor's degree in clinical laboratory technology from a program registered by the department or determined by the department to be the substantial equivalent or a clinical laboratory technology program accredited by a national accrediting organization acceptable to the department, or have received a bachelor's degree that includes a minimum number of credit hours in the sciences and received appropriate clinical education in an accredited clinical laboratory technology program or a program to be determined by the department to be the substantial equivalent; b-1. Alternatives to education:	if they completed a bachelor degree in a natural science or in a clinical laboratory science and coursework acceptable to the Department AND they meet criteria in EITHER (a) or (b) below: a.) At least two years' full-time experience (or the part-time equivalent) working in a clinical laboratory while licensed as a clinical	2 years if applicable	American Society for Clinical Pathology Exam	400	
North Dakota	Yes		Board	<a href="https://www.ndclinlab.com/">https://www.ndclinlab.com/</a>	Bachelor's degree	the applicant must meet one or more of the following conditions: a. The applicant has passed a national certifying examination approved by the board within two years of the date of application for initial licensure. b. The applicant has practiced by performing clinical laboratory testing as defined in subsection 5 of North	300 hours if 'a' from 'Supervised Training or Experience' is not met	American Society for Clinical Pathology Exam	400	

North Carolina	No	License type not available								
Ohio	No	License type not available								
Oklahoma	No	License type not available								
Oregon	No	License type not available								
Pennsylvania	No	License type not available								
Rhode Island	No	License type not available								
South Dakota	No	License type not available								
South Carolina	No	License type not available								
Tennessee	Yes		Board	<a href="https://www.tn.gov/health/health-program-areas/health-professional-boards/medlab-board.html">https://www.tn.gov/health/health-program-areas/health-professional-boards/medlab-board.html</a>	(i) A baccalaureate degree in medical technology or in one of the biological, chemical, or physical sciences and completion of a medical laboratory technologist training program that was, at the time of graduation, either (I) Approved or under the auspices of the National Accrediting Agency for Clinical Laboratory Sciences (NAACLS); or (II) Approved by a national accrediting agency acceptable to the Board; or (III) Completed in a specialty program conducted by a hospital or other institution approved pursuant to Rule 1200-06-02-.04; or (ii) A baccalaureate degree from an accredited college/university, completion of an accredited MLT/CLT training program and three	Varies (see Education Required field)	Varies (see Education Required field)	American Society for Clinical Pathology Exam	400	
Texas	No	License type not available								
Utah	No	License type not available								
Vermont	No	License type not available								
Virginia	No	License type not available								
Washington	No	License type not available								

West Virginia	Yes		Program	<a href="https://dhhr.wv.gov/ols/regulation/Pages/Licensure.aspx">https://dhhr.wv.gov/ols/regulation/Pages/Licensure.aspx</a>	<p>A. Bachelor's degree in medical technology/medical laboratory science and have passed a national certification exam administered by a certifying agency recognized under subsection 2.1 of 64CSR57.</p> <p>OR</p> <p>B. Bachelor's degree in a chemical, physical or biological science other than medical technology /medical laboratory science and have at least one year of pertinent full-time experience or training in clinical testing</p>	One year of pertinent full-time experience or training in clinical testing	One year	American Society for Clinical Pathology Exam	400	
Wisconsin	No	License type not available								
Wyoming	No	License type not available								



Hawaii	No	No, as Hawaii offers a path to licensure that does not require a bachelor's degree like Montana does. May be considered substantially equivalent upon applicant presenting proof of bachelor's degree	Program	<a href="https://health.hawaii.gov/statelab/licensing/">https://health.hawaii.gov/statelab/licensing/</a>	Bachelor's degree from an accredited college or university in a pertinent chemical, physical, or biological science OR Completed 90 semester hours in an accredited college or university	For bachelor's degree - 1 year of full-time experience in a laboratory acceptable to the department in the specialty for which licensure is sought and pass a qualifying examination OR 1 year of training in an accredited program in the specialty for which licensure is sought and pass a qualifying exam. For the 90 semester	Varies - See Supervised Training or Experience field	American Society for Clinical Pathology Exam	400	
Idaho	No	License type not available								
Illinois	No	License type not available								
Indiana	No	License type not available								
Iowa	No	License type not available								
Kansas	No	License type not available								
Kentucky	No	License type not available								

Louisiana	No	<p>No, due to Louisiana's training program not being equivalent to Montana's bachelor's degree requirement and lack of training path.</p> <p>Possibly substantially equivalent upon proof of applicant's bachelor's degree and licensees licensed prior to January 1, 1995 did not require current Louisiana or Montana standards.</p>	Other	<a href="https://www.lsbme.la.gov/licensure/clinical-laboratory-personnel">https://www.lsbme.la.gov/licensure/clinical-laboratory-personnel</a> <a href="https://www.lsbme.la.gov/licensure/clinical-laboratory-personnel">*LICENSED UNDER THE LOUISIANA BOARD OF MEDICAL EXAMINERS</a>	<p>Bachelor's degree OR Complete the educational, clinical, and employment experience requirements, if any, necessary to be eligible for and successfully complete a nationally recognized certification examination, all of which are approved by the board upon recommendation by the committee OR Meet the requirements for licensure without examination as provided in R.S. 37:1319</p>	<p>The board upon the recommendation of the committee, shall issue a license in training to an individual who has not fulfilled the educational requirements to take a license examination or needs to obtain full-time comprehensive experience under supervision, or both, in any license category. A license in training shall</p>	Varies	American Society for Clinical Pathology Exam	400	
Maine	No	License type not available								
Maryland	No	License type not available								
Massachusetts	No	License type not available								
Michigan	No	License type not available								
Minnesota	No	License type not available								
Mississippi	No	License type not available								
Missouri	No	License type not available								
Montana			Board	<a href="https://boards.bsd.dli.mt.gov/clinical-laboratory-science-practitioners/">https://boards.bsd.dli.mt.gov/clinical-laboratory-science-practitioners/</a>	Bachelor's degree	None		American Society for Clinical Pathology Exam	400	
Nebraska	No	License type not available								

Nevada	No	No evidence that Nevada licenses a clinical lab specialist specifically.	Other	<a href="https://dcbh.nv.gov/Reg/MedicalLabs/Medical_Laboratories_-_Home/">https://dcbh.nv.gov/Reg/MedicalLabs/Medical_Laboratories_-_Home/</a>				American Society for Clinical Pathology Exam	400	
New Hampshire	No	License type not available								
New Jersey	No	License type not available								
New Mexico	No	License type not available								
New York	No	No evidence that New York licenses a clinical lab specialist specifically	Program	<a href="https://www.op.nysed.gov/clinical-laboratory-technologists">https://www.op.nysed.gov/clinical-laboratory-technologists</a>				American Society for Clinical Pathology Exam	400	
North Dakota	Yes		Board	<a href="https://www.ndclinlab.com/">https://www.ndclinlab.com/</a>	Bachelor's degree or higher degree with a major in one of the chemical, physical, or biological sciences	The applicant must meet one or more of the following conditions: a. The applicant has passed a national certifying examination approved by the board within two years of the date of application for initial licensure. b. The applicant has practiced by performing clinical laboratory testing as defined in subsection 5		American Society for Clinical Pathology Exam	400	
North Carolina	No	License type not available								
Ohio	No	License type not available								
Oklahoma	No	License type not available								
Oregon	No	License type not available								





Indiana	No	License type not available								
Iowa	No	License type not available								
Kansas	No	License type not available								
Kentucky	No	License type not available								
Louisiana	No	No, due to Louisiana offering an alternate pathway that doesn't specify level of degree or semester hours and licensees licensed prior to January 1, 1995 did not require current Louisiana or Montana standards.	Other	<a href="https://www.lsbme.la.gov/licensure/clinical-laboratory-personnel">https://www.lsbme.la.gov/licensure/clinical-laboratory-personnel</a> *LICENSED UNDER THE LOUISIANA BOARD OF MEDICAL EXAMINERS	Associate degree OR complete the educational, clinical, and employment experience requirements, if any, necessary to be eligible for and successfully complete a nationally recognized certification examination, all of which are approved by the board upon recommendation by the committee	None specified		American Society for Clinical Pathology Exam	400	
Maine	No	License type not available								
Maryland	No	License type not available								
Massachusetts	No	License type not available								
Michigan	No	License type not available								
Minnesota	No	License type not available								
Mississippi	No	License type not available								
Missouri	No	License type not available								
Montana			Board	<a href="https://boards.bsd.dli.mt.gov/clinical-laboratory-science-practitioners/">https://boards.bsd.dli.mt.gov/clinical-laboratory-science-practitioners/</a>	Associate degree OR possess 60 semester or 90 quarter hours in a science-related discipline OR , or completed a military medical laboratory training program of at least 12 months in duration	Military training program	12 months minimum	American Society for Clinical Pathology Exam	400	
Nebraska	No	License type not available								

Nevada	No	No, due to Nevada offering alternate pathways that Montana does not offer - See Education Required field	Other	<a href="https://dpbh.ny.gov/Reg/MedicalLabs/MedicalLaboratories-Home/">https://dpbh.ny.gov/Reg/MedicalLabs/MedicalLaboratories-Home/</a>	Associate degree OR Have successfully completed 60 semester hours of academic credit, including chemistry, biology and a structured curriculum in techniques used in a laboratory, at an accredited institution OR Be a high school graduate or the equivalent, have completed at least 1 year in a program for training technicians approved by the Board and have 3 years of experience in a laboratory within the preceding 5 years OR Be a high school graduate or the equivalent, have successfully completed an official 50-week course in procedures for a military laboratory and have been a medical laboratory specialist or laboratory technician in the military	Military training program for alternate route	50 weeks	American Society for Clinical Pathology Exam	400	
New Hampshire	No	License type not available								
New Jersey	No	License type not available								
New Mexico	No	License type not available								
New York	No	No, due to New York offering an alternate pathway of certification which Montana does not offer, as North Dakota accepts the American Society for Clinical Pathology Exam for	Program	<a href="https://www.op.nysed.gov/clinical-laboratory-technologists">https://www.op.nysed.gov/clinical-laboratory-technologists</a>	Associate degree OR current clinical laboratory technician certification by a national certification organization acceptable to the department	None		American Society for Clinical Pathology Exam	400	
North Dakota	Yes	res, as North Dakota accepts the American Society for Clinical Pathology Exam for	Board	<a href="https://www.ndclinlab.com/">https://www.ndclinlab.com/</a>	Successfully complete the academic requirements of a structured clinical educational program recognized by the Board	None		American Society for Clinical Pathology Exam	400	
North Carolina	No	License type not available								
Ohio	No	License type not available								
Oklahoma	No	License type not available								



## License Evaluation

State	Substantially equivalent to Montana?	If applicable, why not substantially equivalent?	Regulating Body Type	Licensing Website	Education	Supervised experience required?	Hours of Experience	Examination (Name and Provider)	Required Exam Score	Additional Comments
Montana	Yes		Board	<a href="https://boards.bsd.dli.mt.gov/radiologic-technologists/">https://boards.bsd.dli.mt.gov/radiologic-technologists/</a>	Degree (Partial) OR Training	Montana's Board-approved courses required if not pursuing a degree	Montana requires 104 hours of Board-approved coursework	American Registry of Radiologic Technologists (ARRT) via Pearson VUE	Montana requires 70% be scored on each individual module per ARM 24.204.511	Montana requires completion of a 104-hour course approved by the Board OR half of an associate's degree as approved by the American Registry of Radiologic Technologists (ARRT)
Alabama	No	Alabama does not require licensure or certification	Other	<a href="https://www.alabamapublichealth.gov/radiation/">https://www.alabamapublichealth.gov/radiation/</a>	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
Alaska	No	Alaska only requires coursework as outlined in 7 AAC 18.420 and 7 AAC 18.300	Program	<a href="https://www.commerce.alaska.gov/web/cbpl/ProfessionalLicensing.aspx">https://www.commerce.alaska.gov/web/cbpl/ProfessionalLicensing.aspx</a> [commerce.alaska.gov]	Coursework	NA	NA	NA	NA	
Arizona	Yes		Other	<a href="https://www.azdhs.gov/licensing/special/index.php#mrt">https://www.azdhs.gov/licensing/special/index.php#mrt</a>	Certificate	Arizona lets the training programs determine what is necessary	Arizona lets the training programs determine what is necessary	American Registry of Radiologic Technologists (ARRT) via Pearson VUE	Arizona requires a score of 67%	Arizona has Radiologic Technologists and Practical Radiologic Technologists; the latter is Arizona's version of Montana's Limited Permit Holders. Practical Radiologic Technologists may only practice for Chest and Extremities.
Arkansas	Yes		Program	<a href="https://www.health.arkansas.gov/programs-services/topics/radiologic-technology-licensure-program">https://www.health.arkansas.gov/programs-services/topics/radiologic-technology-licensure-program</a>	Certificate	Arkansas lets the training programs determine what is necessary	Arkansas lets the training programs determine what is necessary	American Registry of Radiologic Technologists (ARRT) via Pearson VUE	Arkansas requires a scaled score of 70 for each module	Arkansas calls these practitioners Limited Licensed Technologists. These practitioners may be endorsed in Chest, Extremity, Skull/Sinus, Spine, and/or Podiatry provided they have passed those modules with ARRT. This state also offers apprenticeship as a means of obtaining the training for licensure.
California	Yes		Other	<a href="https://www.cdph.ca.gov/Programs/CEH/DRS/EM/Pages/RH_B.aspx">https://www.cdph.ca.gov/Programs/CEH/DRS/EM/Pages/RH_B.aspx</a>	Certificate	Yes-Refer to 17 CCR 30424 for requirements for each permit category	California requires 190 hours of education	American Registry of Radiologic Technologists (ARRT) via Pearson VUE	California requires a minimum score of 70 on each module	Available permit categories in California are Chest, Dental Laboratory, Extremities, Leg-Podiatric, Skull, Torso-Skeletal, DEXA, and Podiatric; Podiatric and DEXA may be taught in separate facilities.
Colorado	No	Colorado requires ARRT certification OR their own examinations	Program	<a href="https://cdphe.colorado.gov/hm/xray-certification-faqs">https://cdphe.colorado.gov/hm/xray-certification-faqs</a>	Certificate	Yes-Refer to next column	Colorado requires 480 hours of clinical training, with 320 of those hours being in clinic, plus 80 hours of didactic education	American Registry of Radiologic Technologists (ARRT) via Pearson VUE	Colorado requires a score of 75 on the core exam and each of the category exams	
Connecticut	No	Connecticut does not offer a limited permit	Program	<a href="https://portal.ct.gov/DPH/Practitioner-Licensing-Investigations/Radiographer/Radiographer-Licensure">https://portal.ct.gov/DPH/Practitioner-Licensing-Investigations/Radiographer/Radiographer-Licensure</a>	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
Delaware	Yes		Program	<a href="https://dhss.delaware.gov/dph/hsp/orcradtechs.html">https://dhss.delaware.gov/dph/hsp/orcradtechs.html</a>	Certificate	Delaware currently leaves this up to the school to determine what is necessary, but this may change in the near future.	Delaware currently leaves this up to the school to determine what is necessary, but this may change in the near future.	American Registry of Radiologic Technologists (ARRT) via Pearson VUE	Delaware requires a minimum score of 75 for each module	Delaware calls their limited permit holders Radiologic Technicians, as opposed to Radiologic Technologists. Available permit categories are Chest, Extremities, Skull, Spine and Podiatry, plus all applicants must have passed ARRT's core exam.
Florida	No	Florida only requires independent study	Other	<a href="https://www.floridahealth.gov/environmental-health/radiation-control/radtech/index.html">https://www.floridahealth.gov/environmental-health/radiation-control/radtech/index.html</a>	Independent Study	NA	NA	NA	NA	

Georgia	No	Georgia only requires a six hour radiation safety course as opposed to Montana's requirement of 104 hours	Other	<a href="https://dch.georgia.gov/divisions/offices/hfrd">https://dch.georgia.gov/divisions/offices/hfrd</a>	Certificate	NA	NA	NA	NA	
Hawaii	No	Hawaii does not license limited practitioners	Board	<a href="https://health.hawaii.gov/irhb/radforms/">https://health.hawaii.gov/irhb/radforms/</a>	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
Idaho	No	Idaho does not require licensure or certification	Other	<a href="https://idahoisrt.org/">https://idahoisrt.org/</a>	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
Illinois	Yes		Other	<a href="https://public.ilema.state.il.us/ilema/radiation/radtech/radtechlogin.asp">https://public.ilema.state.il.us/ilema/radiation/radtech/radtechlogin.asp</a>	Certificate	Illinois lets the training programs determine what is necessary for training needs	Illinois lets the training programs determine what is necessary for training needs	American Registry of Radiologic Technologists (ARRT) via Pearson VUE	Illinois requires a score of 65% for any combination of sections of the exam	Illinois requires supervision attestation i.e. direct supervision by a physician during procedures, including a physician's signature on the application. Available permit categories in Illinois are Chest, Spine, Extremities, and Skull/Sinuses.
Indiana	No	Indiana requires ARRT certification OR their own examinations	Program	<a href="https://www.in.gov/health/cshcr/medical-radiology-services/">https://www.in.gov/health/cshcr/medical-radiology-services/</a>	Certificate	Indiana's schools must be approved by ARRT	Indiana's schools must be approved by ARRT	American Registry of Radiologic Technologists (ARRT) via Pearson VUE	Indiana honors the minimum requirements set by ARRT	Indiana only has permits for Chest and Spine (Chiropractic) in common with Montana, and they do not accept pre-existing licensure from other states. Available permit categories are Chest, Chiropractic (Spine), Dental, Podiatric, and Cardiac Catheterization; permits may only be held in one category but ARRT Core is also required for all permit categories.
Iowa	Yes		Board	<a href="https://hhs.iowa.gov/public-health/radiological-health">https://hhs.iowa.gov/public-health/radiological-health</a> <a href="https://hhs.iowa.gov">[hhs.iowa.gov]</a>	Certificate	Didactic hours in Iowa must include 60 hours of Core, then students obtain 20 hours for each of their chosen permit categories.	Chest requires 30 practice projections plus 5 each of PA and LAT for competency projections. Upper and Lower Extremities plus Spine require 30 of any practice projections plus 10 competency projections.	American Registry of Radiologic Technologists (ARRT) via Pearson VUE	Iowa requires a score of 70% in Core and each category tested	Available permit categories in Iowa are Chest, Extremities, Spine, Shoulder, Podiatric, and Pediatric; the Pediatric and Shoulder categories require also being permitted to photograph Chest and Extremities. Bone Densitometry is also available for licensure.
Kansas	No	Kansas does not offer this license type	Board	<a href="http://www.ksba.org/professionals/LRT.shtml">http://www.ksba.org/professionals/LRT.shtml</a>	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
Kentucky	Yes		Board	<a href="https://kbmirt.ky.gov/Pages/index.aspx">https://kbmirt.ky.gov/Pages/index.aspx</a>	Certificate	Kentucky's training programs must be accredited by the Joint Review Committee on Education in Radiologic Technology (JRCERT) and follow curriculum requirements set forth by the American Society of Radiologic Technologists (ASRT)	240 didactic hours and 360 clinical hours	American Registry of Radiologic Technologists (ARRT) via Pearson VUE	Kentucky's applicants must score 130/190 to pass the limited scope exam	
Louisiana	No	Louisiana does not offer limited permits HOWEVER their Board is considering adding this option	Board	<a href="https://lsrtbe.org/">https://lsrtbe.org/</a>	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	

Maine	Yes		Board	<a href="https://www.maine.gov/pfr/professionallicensing/professionals/radiologic-technology-board-examiners">https://www.maine.gov/pfr/professionallicensing/professionals/radiologic-technology-board-examiners</a>	Certificate	Maine's training programs must be approved by the American Registry of Radiologic Technologists (ARRT).	Students in Maine must complete 25 or more procedures in each subcategory of their chosen permit categories.	American Registry of Radiologic Technologists (ARRT) via Pearson VUE	Maine requires a score of 75% to pass	Maine's aspiring Limited Radiographers may train and certify in up to two of the following permit categories: Skull, Spine, Chest, Extremities, and Podiatry.
Maryland	No	Maryland does not offer limited permits for radiography HOWEVER this may change in January	Board	<a href="https://www.mbp.state.md.us/licensure_ahapp.aspx">https://www.mbp.state.md.us/licensure_ahapp.aspx</a>	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
Massachusetts	No	Massachusetts does not offer limited permits for radiography	Program	<a href="https://www.mass.gov/how-to/renew-your-radiologic-technologist-license">https://www.mass.gov/how-to/renew-your-radiologic-technologist-license</a>	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
Michigan	No	Michigan does not require licensure or certification	Other	<a href="https://www.michigan.gov/leo/bureaus/agencies/MIOSHA/Divisions/technical-services/division/rad-safety">https://www.michigan.gov/leo/bureaus/agencies/MIOSHA/Divisions/technical-services/division/rad-safety</a>	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
Minnesota	Yes		Program	<a href="https://www.health.state.mn.us/communities/environment/radiation/xray/index.html">https://www.health.state.mn.us/communities/environment/radiation/xray/index.html</a>	Certificate	Minnesota lets the training programs determine what is necessary for training needs	Minnesota lets the training programs determine what is necessary for training needs	American Registry of Radiologic Technologists (ARRT) via Pearson VUE	Minnesota requires a score of 70% on all modules	Minnesota does not have educational prerequisites, only requires limited scope operators exam through the American Registry for Radiologic Technologists (ARRT)
Mississippi	No	Mississippi only requires twelve hours of education compared to Montana's 104 hours	Board	<a href="https://www.sbm.ms.gov/Licensure/Limited_X-Ray_Machine_Operators">https://www.sbm.ms.gov/Licensure/Limited_X-Ray_Machine_Operators</a>	Certificate	NA	NA	NA	NA	
Missouri	No	Missouri does not require licensure or ARRT certification	Other	<a href="https://health.mo.gov/safety/radprotection/index.php">https://health.mo.gov/safety/radprotection/index.php</a>	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
Nebraska	Yes		Program	<a href="https://dhhs.ne.gov/licensure/Pages/Medical-Radiography.aspx">https://dhhs.ne.gov/licensure/Pages/Medical-Radiography.aspx</a>	Certificate	Nebraska allows schools to determine what meets their students' needs	Nebraska allows schools to determine what meets their students' needs	American Registry of Radiologic Technologists (ARRT) via Pearson VUE	Nebraska requires 70% for the core exam and 65% for each anatomical module	Nebraska requires Core and licenses the following categories: Chest, Extremities (must include foot and ankle), Skull, Spine and Podiatry.
Nevada	Yes		Program	<a href="https://dpbh.nv.gov/Reg/RPM/Radiation_Producing_Machines - Home/">https://dpbh.nv.gov/Reg/RPM/Radiation_Producing_Machines - Home/</a>	Certificate	Nevada follows the requirements set forth by the American Society of Radiologic Technologists (ASRT)	Nevada follows the requirements set forth by the American Society of Radiologic Technologists (ASRT)	American Registry of Radiologic Technologists (ARRT) via Pearson VUE	Nevada requires a minimum score of 75%	
New Hampshire	No	New Hampshire does not offer this license type	Board	<a href="https://www.opic.nh.gov/advisory-board-medical-imaging-and-radiation">https://www.opic.nh.gov/advisory-board-medical-imaging-and-radiation</a>	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
New Jersey	Yes		Board	<a href="https://www.nj.gov/dep/rpp/tec/LicInfo.htm">https://www.nj.gov/dep/rpp/tec/LicInfo.htm</a>	Certificate	New Jersey's requirements depend on the certificate type.	Chest requires 350 hours. Orthopedic, equivalent to Spine and Extremities, requires 1400 hours. Podiatric requires 155 hours of study. Urologic, covering the abdomen and pelvic area, requires 835 hours of coursework.	American Registry of Radiologic Technologists (ARRT) via Pearson VUE	New Jersey requires a score of 75% for each module	

New Mexico	Yes		Program	<a href="https://www.env.nm.gov/rcb/medical-imaging-radiation-therapy-program/">https://www.env.nm.gov/rcb/medical-imaging-radiation-therapy-program/</a>	Training	Training courses approved by New Mexico's board	Must complete a board-approved training program	American Registry of Radiologic Technologists (ARRT) via Pearson VUE	New Mexico requires 75% in each module	New Mexico offers limited practice permits for Chest, Extremities, Podiatric and Axial/Appendicular Skeleton. They require the national examination through the American Registry of Radiologic Technologists (ARRT), which is the same as Montana.
New York	No	New York does not offer limited permits	Program	<a href="https://www.health.ny.gov/professionals/doctors/radiological/">https://www.health.ny.gov/professionals/doctors/radiological/</a>	NA	Supervised Training or Experience	NA	NA	NA	
North Dakota	Yes		Board	<a href="https://www.ndmirtboard.com/">https://www.ndmirtboard.com/</a>	Certificate	North Dakota requires a Conditional Limited Operator (LXMO) License before beginning clinical training, and prefers that applicants be licensed in specific allied health programs.	North Dakota requires that clinical requirements be completed within nine months, including 97 evaluations with the first 69 clinical evaluations primarily being the more common procedures with live patients. For the final 28 procedures, only 9 or fewer may be simulated.	American Registry of Radiologic Technologists (ARRT) via Pearson VUE	North Dakota requires a score of 75%	North Dakota allows applicants to test three times, and modules are retested separately. Available anatomical modules are Chest, Spine, Skull/Sinus, and Extremities. Those who want licensure to operate bone densitometry equipment have additional clinical hours.
North Carolina	No	North Carolina does not require licensure or ARRT certification	Other	<a href="https://radiation.ncdhhs.gov/">https://radiation.ncdhhs.gov/</a>	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
Ohio	Yes		Program	<a href="https://odh.ohio.gov/know-our-programs/radiologic-licensure/radiologic-licensure">https://odh.ohio.gov/know-our-programs/radiologic-licensure/radiologic-licensure</a>	Certificate	Ohio's applicants must complete program approved by council OR first year of radiologic technologist program. Programs must be approved by the Joint Review Committee on Education in Radiologic Technology (JRCERT), North Central Association of Colleges and Schools, United States Department of Education, or a	Ohio lets training programs determine what meets the needs of their students.	American Registry of Radiologic Technologists (ARRT) via Pearson VUE	Ohio honors the minimum score set by ARRT	Ohio calls their limited practitioners General X-Ray Machine Operators.
Oklahoma	No	Oklahoma only regulates radiology assistants (RA/RPAs)	Board	<a href="https://www.okmedicalboard.org/radiologistassistants">https://www.okmedicalboard.org/radiologistassistants</a>	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	

Oregon	Yes		Board	<a href="https://www.oregon.gov/obmi/Pages/index.aspx">https://www.oregon.gov/obmi/Pages/index.aspx</a>	Certificate	Oregon allows programs to determine necessary amount of didactic hours.	Oregon requires a temporary LXMO permit be held before student begins training. One exam in each anatomical category must be successfully completed (Chest, Extremities, Skull/Sinus, Podiatric, and Spine) with additional required views for each category in which the student intends to seek	American Registry of Radiologic Technologists (ARRT) via Pearson VUE	Oregon requires 70% on core and each anatomical category	Oregon requires 5 views for Chest, 15 views for Skull/Sinus, 29 views for Extremities, 16 views for Spine, 16 views for Podiatric.
Pennsylvania	No	Pennsylvania does not offer this license type	Other	<a href="https://www.dep.pa.gov/Business/RadiationProtection/RadiationControl/X-rayMachineProgram/Pages/ContinuingEd.as">https://www.dep.pa.gov/Business/RadiationProtection/RadiationControl/X-rayMachineProgram/Pages/ContinuingEd.as</a>	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
Rhode Island	No	Rhode Island does not offer this license type	Board	<a href="https://health.ri.gov/licenses/detail.php?id=242">https://health.ri.gov/licenses/detail.php?id=242</a>	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
South Dakota	No	South Dakota does not require licensure or ARRT certification	Other	<a href="https://doh.sd.gov/healthcare-professionals/health-facility-licensure/prep-are-for-x-ray-facility-inspection/">https://doh.sd.gov/healthcare-professionals/health-facility-licensure/prep-are-for-x-ray-facility-inspection/</a>	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
South Carolina	Yes		Board	<a href="http://www.scrqsa.org">www.scrqsa.org</a>	Certificate	Must complete a board-approved training program	Must complete a board-approved training program	American Registry of Radiologic Technologists (ARRT) via Pearson VUE	South Carolina honors the minimum score set by ARRT	
Tennessee	Yes		Program	<a href="https://www.tn.gov/health/health-program-areas/health-professional-boards/me-board/xray-operators.html">https://www.tn.gov/health/health-program-areas/health-professional-boards/me-board/xray-operators.html</a>	Certificate	Must complete a board-approved training program	Available categories in Tennessee are Chest (30 clinical hours), Extremities (80 clinical hours), Skull/Sinus (30 clinical hours), and Spine (80 clinical hours)	American Registry of Radiologic Technologists (ARRT) via Pearson VUE	Tennessee honors the minimum score set by ARRT	
Texas	Yes		Board	<a href="https://www.tmb.state.tx.us/page/licensing">https://www.tmb.state.tx.us/page/licensing</a>	Certificate	Must complete a board-approved training program	Must complete a board-approved training program	American Registry of Radiologic Technologists (ARRT) via Pearson VUE	Texas requires 75% on each exam module	Texas has non-certified radiologic technicians in addition to radiologic technologists and limited permit holders. Available anatomical categories are Chest, Spine, Podiatric, Extremities, and Skull.
Utah	Yes		Board	<a href="https://dopl.utah.gov/radiologic-technology/">https://dopl.utah.gov/radiologic-technology/</a>	Certificate	Must complete a board-approved training program	Must complete a board-approved training program	American Registry of Radiologic Technologists (ARRT) via Pearson VUE	Utah requires a score of 75% in each module	Utah calls these practitioners Radiology Practical Technicians. Candidates must complete at least two of the following modules: Chest, Extremities, Skull/Spine, and/or Podiatric. Candidates may also take the bone densitometry exam separately.
Vermont	No	Vermont does not offer this license type	Program	<a href="https://sos.vermont.gov/radiologic-technology/">https://sos.vermont.gov/radiologic-technology/</a>	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	

Virginia	No	Virginia requires fewer classroom hours than Montana	Board	<a href="http://www.dhp.virginia.gov/Boards/Medicine/AbouttheBoard/RegulatedProfessions/RadiologicTechnology/">http://www.dhp.virginia.gov/Boards/Medicine/AbouttheBoard/RegulatedProfessions/RadiologicTechnology/</a>	Certificate	Virginia requires 25 clock hours in image production/equipment operation, 15 clock hours in radiation protection, and 10 clock hours per anatomical category.	Virginia requires 10 radiological examinations per anatomical category EXCEPT for abdomen/pelvis which requires 25 radiographic procedures; this may change if the American Registry of Radiologic Technologists (ARRT) creates an anatomical category for	American Registry of Radiologic Technologists (ARRT) via Pearson VUE	Virginia honors the minimum score set by ARRT	
Washington	No	Washington does not offer this license type	Program	<a href="http://doh.wa.gov/radiography-program">radiography program [doh.wa.gov]</a>	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
West Virginia	No	West Virginia only has Podiatric Medical Assistant permits and requires a different certification	Board	<a href="https://wvrtboard.gov/">https://wvrtboard.gov/</a>	Certificate	West Virginia requires the ASTMA (American Society of Podiatric Medical Assistants) certification	West Virginia honors the requirements set forth by the ASTMA	American Registry of Radiologic Technologists (ARRT) via Pearson VUE	West Virginia honors the requirements set forth by the ASTMA	
Wisconsin	Yes		Board	<a href="https://dsps.wisconsin.gov/Pages/Professions/Radiographer/License/Default.aspx">https://dsps.wisconsin.gov/Pages/Professions/Radiographer/License/Default.aspx</a>	Certificate			American Registry of Radiologic Technologists (ARRT) via Pearson VUE	Wisconsin honors the minimum score set by ARRT	
Wyoming	Yes		Board	<a href="https://radiology.wyo.gov/">https://radiology.wyo.gov/</a>	Certificate	Education providers must be approved by the American Registry of Radiologic Technologists (ARRT) or the Joint Review Commission on the Education of Radiologic Technologists (JRCERT)		American Registry of Radiologic Technologists (ARRT) via Pearson VUE	Wyoming requires a score of 75%	Wyoming offers licensure for Spine, Skull, Chest, Extremities, and Podiatric.

# **Schedule Meetings**

- a. June 4, 2026 – Full Board Meeting**
- b. September 3, 2026 - Full Board Meeting**
- c. September 14<sup>th</sup>-15<sup>th</sup> – In Person Board Member Training – The Heritage Center, Helena**
- d. December 3, 2026 – Full Board Meeting**

# Adjournment